



Contents

1. PortableDyme – An Overview

- a. Model Building Framework
- b. Model Template
- 2. Hands-on training: data input



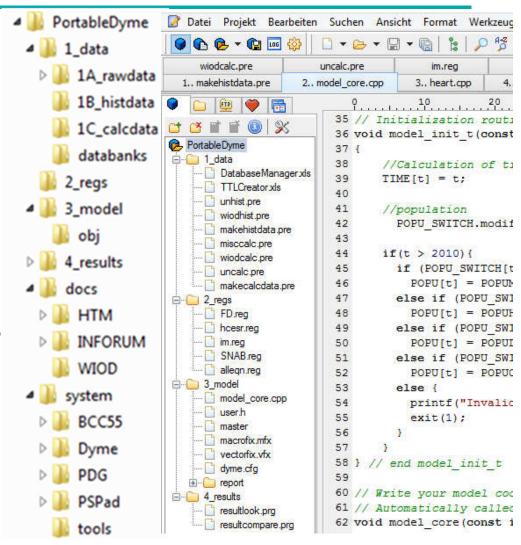
PART I: PortableDyme – An Overview

PortableDyme Model Building Framework

- What is PortableDyme?
 - ⇒ Complete model building framework (software and basic model)
 - ⇒ "Portable" means "runs on any Windows computer without installation"
 - ⇒ "Dyme" comes from the econometric programming library "Interdyme" published by INFORUM, USA
- What's in there?
 - ⇒ Project management and editing tool
 - □ Database maintenance tools
 - ⇒ C++ compiler (needed to write and execute the statements which form the model)
 - ⇒ G7 regression software
 - ⇒ Interdyme econometric programming library
 - ⇒ Basic macroeconometric Input-Output model template
 - ⇒ Evaluation tools based on Microsoft Excel

PortableDyme Model Building Framework

- ► The four major steps of model building:
 - Building the historical database
 - 2. Performing regressions
 - 3. Writing model code
 - 4. Performing impact analysis and evaluating
- PortableDyme reflects these steps both on disk and in the project editor
- Each step contains preconfigured scripts and instructions
- Model building is an iterative process!

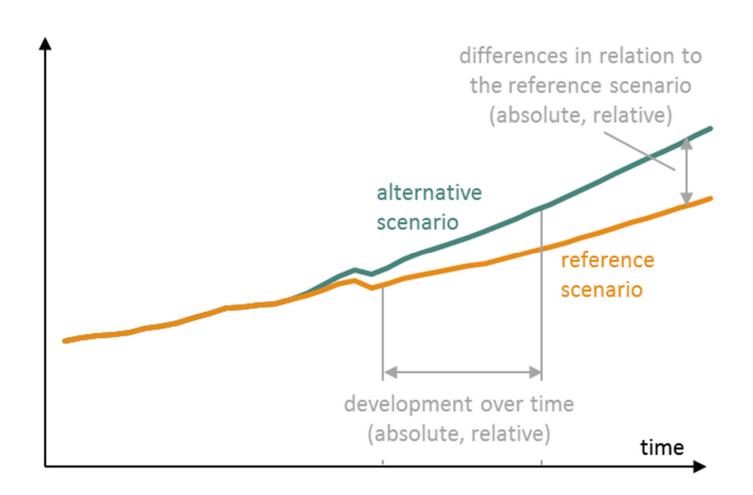


PortableDyme Model Characteristics

- Model characteristics (depending on data,...)
 - - Consider GDP and its components, employment and prices
 - Include national accounts
 - Depict economic circuit (production, income, consumption etc.)
 - □ Input-Output models
 - Show industry detail in production, employment,...
 - Depict direct, indirect (and induced) effects
 - ⇒ Econometric models
 - Have an empirical foundation
 - Based on past observations (historical data)
 - Assume that past behaviour is valid in the future
 - Combinations possible!

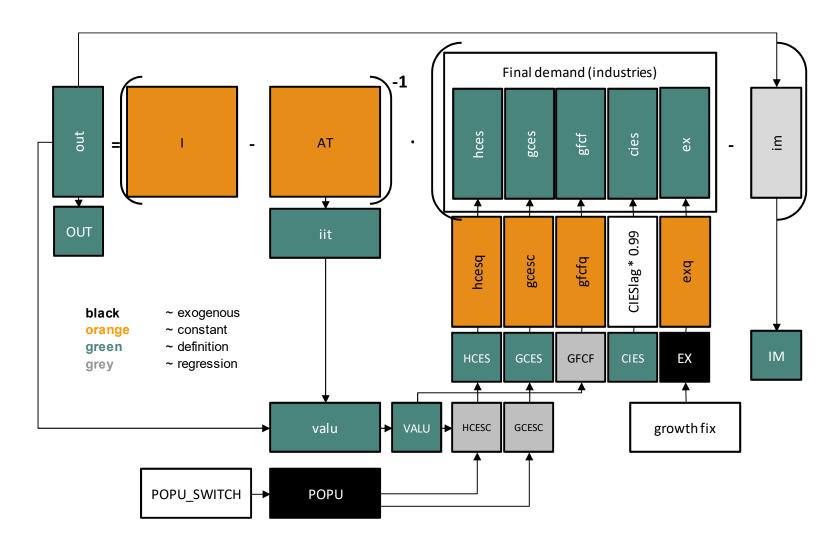
PortableDyme Model Characteristics

- ⇒ Only a few exogenous variables, all others are endogenously calculated
- ⇒ Combines econometric-statisticial analysis with IO analysis
- ⇒ Dynamic models (year by year solution)
- ⇒ Non-linear model due to many feedback effects
 - Requires iterative solution algorithm (≠ explicit solution)
- What can such a model be used for?
 - ⇒ Evaluation of historical developments due to rich database (ex post analysis, monitoring)
 - ⇒ Forecasting (ex ante analysis)
 - □ Impact analysis (answering ,what if questions)
 - ⇒ Developments over time or comparison of different situations at a particular time

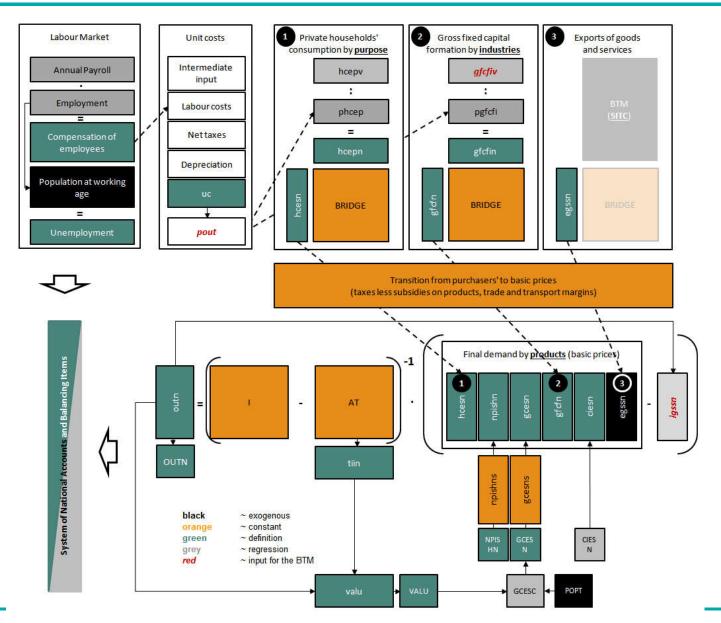


PortableDyme Model Template

▶ Basic macro-econometric input-output model (excl. prices)



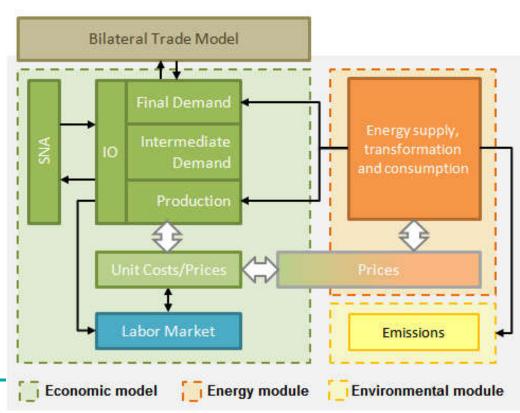
Example for comprehensive economic model



E3 model structure

- ► E3 model: Covers the interactions between the economy, energy system and environment
 - □ Comprehensive modeling of the economy incl. inter-industry linkages (IO approach)
 - ⇒ Integration of energy balances into the modeling system

 - ⇒ Energy prices influences production and consumer prices





Part II: Hands-on Training

Setting up PortableDyme

▶ Drag and Drop the PortableDymeVanilla directory from the USB drive to your computer's C:\ drive

© 2017 GWS mbH 13 Riga, August 2017

Basic PortableDyme Commands

- ➤ To launch the PortableDyme environment, double-click the rocket (launch.exe)
- Commands will have to be typed in the command box; pressing ENTER executes them
- ► The most important PortableDyme commands are:
 - ⇒ edit Opens the project editor tool
 - ⇒ help Opens the documentation
 - ⇒ 1 to 4 Switch between model building steps
 - ⇒ g7 Start G7 program
 used in step 1 for database creation and
 used in step 2 for performing regressions
 - ⇒ idmodel compiles model from human-readable into machinereadable form (step3)
 - ⇒ run Run the model (step 3)

1_Data collection and preparation with G7

- Original data files ("raw data") will have to be placed in appropriate folder
- Raw data will be put into corresponding database files
 - ⇒ .BNK Time series (macro) database
 - ⇒ .VAM Vector and matrix database
- ► Each variable needs to be described in DatabaseManager.xls
 → Name, type, description, etc.
- Vector and matrix variables need to have row & column titles described in TTLManager.xls

© 2017 GWS mbH 15 Riga, August 2017

1_Data collection and preparation with G7

► G7 provides the "xl" command for reading Excel files into databases, e.g.

xl open Opens a workbook

xl vecread Reads data from a sheet into a vector

- ⇒ See chapter 2.3.11 in "INFORUM Help"
 → execute help command from the prompt to find it
- ► For every data provider, a .pre ("preparation") file containing "xl"-commands needs to be created
- Other essential G7 commands, e.g. looking at a variable, graphs, etc.:
 - ⇒ See chapter 2.1.7 in "INFORUM Help"

Hands-on Training: Data Input

- Goal: get the data into the model
- Data sources:
 - ⇒ OCED http://stats.oecd.org
 - ⇒ UN https://esa.un.org/unpd/wpp/
 - ⇒ Eurostat http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/data/database
- Data are organized differently, structure is not harmonized
 - ⇒ Data for different years can be stored in rows, columns, worksheets or workbooks
- Next: Examples for processing data with G7

Hands-on Training: Data Input

- ▶ 1. Example: time series data (e.g. population)
 - ⇒ Download data from https://esa.un.org/unpd/wpp/
 - ⇒ Store the Excel-files in 1_data\1A_rawdata\UN
 - ⇒ Each variable needs to be described in DatabaseManager.xls
 → Name, type, description, etc.

© 2017 GWS mbH 18 Riga, August 2017

Hands-on Training: Data Input

□ Create a pre-file and save as unhist.pre in the folder
 1_data\1B_histdata

○ Open Excel workbook with original data xl open (check the directory!)

⇒ Select the worksheet where the data is in *xl open ws*

⇒ Read the data into the databank xl read

Open G7 and type add makehistdata.pre in the command line

Check your results!

► To be continued...

Thank you for your attention.

Anett Großmann

T +49 (0) 40933 - 180

E grossmann @ gws-os.com

Economist

Frank Hohmann

T +49 (0) 40933 - 130

E hohmann @ gws-os.com

Software developer



www.gws-os.com

Gesellschaft für Wirtschaftliche Strukturforschung mbH

Heinrichstr. 30

49080 Osnabrück

Tel + 49 (0) 541 40933-180

Fax + 49 (0) 541 40933-110

grossmann @ gws-os.com